

## 热点作文 1

## Study in the Study Hall or in the Dormitory?

When asked about whether to study in the study hall or in the dormitory, different students will give different answers. Some students take it granted that study hall is the most study suitable place for study. When entering into the study hall, a student can easily be affected by the atmosphere of study. Besides, studying in the study hall can to some extent prevent the students from doing things which have nothing to do with study.

Nevertheless, some others would rather study in the dormitory. They argue that by studying in the dormitory, they can alternate work with rest and recreation. For example, in the dormitory, they can lie down and listen to music as a short break as they wish. In addition, you can discuss with your roommates when facing confusing academic questions, which is a thing you are not allowed to do in the study hall in case you disturb other students.

As for me, I prefer to study in the dormitory. Apart from the above-mentioned advantages, studying in the dormitory spares us from being in danger of going back late after night-study. To conclude, studying in the dormitory is a better option for me.

### 佳句临摹

1. 有些学生将家长替他们打理一切视为理所当然。

Some students take it for granted that their parents get everything done for them.

2. 绝大多数的电器是禁止在宿舍里使用的, 以免引起触电、火灾等安全事故。

Most electric appliances are prohibited in dormitory in case electric shock or fire hazard happened.

3. 很多大学宿舍楼里都安装了热水机, 免去了同学们下楼打开水的不方便。

Setting water-heaters in dorm buildings spares students from the inconvenience of fetching hot water from under the building.

### 句子拓展

1. Compared with the study hall, some students prefer to study in the library. 比起自习室来, 有些同学喜欢去图书馆上自习。
2. Some students make phone calls in the study hall, which destroyed the quiet studying environment. 个别学生在自习室接打电话, 这种行为破坏了自习室安静的学习环境。
3. Some students do not have strong self-discipline, who often see movies or play computer games in the dormitory instead of studying. 一些同学自制能力不强, 在宿舍不是学习, 而是看电影、打游戏。
4. To push the students to go to study, some universities have adopted the measure of cutting off the electricity in the dormitories during the evening self-study hours. 有些大学为了督促学生去上自习, 采取了晚自习时间宿舍断电的措施。
5. The school ought to leave the right of choosing the study place to the students, because they are already adults with self-control. 学校应该把在何处上自习的权利留给学生, 因为大学生已经是具有自控能力的成年人。

## 热点作文 2

## Class Attendance Should Be Compulsory

In recent years, college students are more and more frequently seen showing up either in dormitory or other places when they are supposed to be in classroom, that is, they skip class. The reasons for skipping class are various. Some students skip class for dealing with private matters, some for getting up late, and some simply for being lazy.

With the expansion of college enrollment and the declining teaching standard, college students find some courses unnecessary to take. Some even argue that students should be given enough freedom in choosing which class to go to. They believe that, as adults, college students should be granted the right to make their own decision. Forcing students to be present in classes will probably lead to their distraction. Therefore, there's no point that class attendance be compulsory.

The way I see it, every single class the students are supposed to take is paid by their parents. What's more, being able to concentrate and listen carefully in class is the basic factor that indicates whether a student is qualified for college. Skipping class reflects the students' lack of the sense of responsibility both for his parents and for himself. Therefore, I believe that class attendance should be compulsory, so that the students can be more self-disciplined.

### 佳句临摹

1. Some teachers are favor of disqualifying whoever dares to cheat, some in favor of giving them another chance, and some simply in favor of letting them go. 有些老师认为哪个学生敢作弊就取消他的考试资格, 有些老师认为应该再给他们一次机会, 还有些老师则干脆放任自流。
2. With the tougher employment situation, a great number of college graduates find their actual salary hard to come up to their expectations. 随着就业形势的严峻, 很多大学毕业生发现自己的实际工资很难达到期待的薪酬标准。
3. College usually offers a very flexible schedule of courses so that students can decide by themselves how to make use of their time. 大学的课程安排通常很灵活, 以便学生们可以自己决定如何利用时间。

### 句子拓展

1. In college campus, if you ask a student whether he has skipped classes, you can probably get a positive response. 在大学校园里, 随便问一个大学生是否逃过课, 估计都会得到肯定回答。
2. There is an "old saying" goes in the campus, "College life is not complete without escaping class". 校园里流传着这样一句老话, 没有逃过课的大学生生活是不完整的。
3. Classes like selective course and double degree courses are more likely to be skipped for long. 像选修课、双学位课等课程更是长期逃课的对象。
4. To deal with class-skipping, some teachers have no idea but to call the roll in class at uncertain time. 有些老师为了应对大学生逃课现象, 无奈开始时不时地进行课堂点名。
5. To solve this problem from the root, the joint exploration and efforts of teachers and students are needed. 要从根本上解决这一问题, 需要老师和学生一起探讨、共同努力。

### 热点作文3

## “Errand Runners” in Universities

In recent years, there are some poor students who charge fee for running errand like picking up parcels, getting take-away food and so on. These “errand runners” earn 500yuan per week, which basically makes ends meet.

Running errands for schoolmates has both merits and drawbacks. Errand runners are respected for lightening financial burden by their own efforts. But at the same time, errand runners may also be belittled by their “employers” who consider themselves as “masters”. Beside, they are often too busy to have meals, which does harm to their health and study.

Taking all these factors into account, I think the advantages outweigh the disadvantages. College errand runners have more chance to see the world and steel their wills, which will benefit their future career. Meanwhile, universities should try their best to regulate this phenomenon.

### 佳句临摹

1. She scarcely earns enough money to make ends meet.  
她几乎赚不到足够的钱以维持收支相抵。
2. He will no longer belittle me or interfere with my research.  
他不会再轻视我或干涉我的研究了。
3. On balance, his accomplishments outweigh his faults.  
权衡起来，他的成就要大于他的过失。

### 句子拓展

1. Some people regard the emergence of “errand runners” as a sorrow of the higher education.  
有些人认为“跑腿族”的出现是高等教育的悲哀。
2. “Errand runners” don’t need sympathy, and we don’t have to worry excessively about this phenomenon. 跑腿族并不需要怜悯，对这一现象也无需过分担忧。
3. Errand runners make poor students believe that they can earn their wonderful future by their own efforts. 跑腿族让贫困学生们相信依靠自身的努力可以赢得精彩未来。
4. It is advisable for universities to incorporate running errands into work-study program and give errand runners more support and guidance. 大学的明智之举就是把跑腿族列入勤工俭学计划中，并给跑腿族更多的支持和指导。

## 热点作文 4

## Extravagant Spending on Campus

According to a survey, in recent years the average monthly expenses of the college students have been on the sharp rise. Many college students have money to burn and have no concept of thrift in their mind. They take it for granted that it is their parents' responsibility to support them enter into the society. This extravagant spending is mainly caused by the following factors.

First of all, nowadays most students are the only child in the families. They are the apple of their families' eyes and thus get much pocket money. Secondly, with the improvement of living standard, parents can satisfy the higher demand of their children. Thirdly, some students like to pursue fashion and trends, which tends to require much money. Finally, campus love is also a possible factor causing extravagant spending.

From my point of view, a college student, as a pure consumer, should learn to be thrifty. We should limit our expenditure on daily necessities and not buy whatever we want regardless of their prices. The habit of thrift can help us from values and is favorable to our future development.

### 佳句临摹

1. Some people take it for granted that they can waste the water as long as they paid the water bill. 一些人想当然的认为只要交了水费就可以浪费水。
2. She is a versatile born beauty, and the apple of her parents' eyes. 她天生丽质, 多才多艺是父母的掌上明珠。
3. She is determined to do this regardless of all consequences. 她不顾一切后果坚决这样做。

### 句子拓展

1. Lately, a survey result shows that seventy percent of college students spend their money without planning. 最近一项调查表明, 七成大学生存在乱花钱的现象。
2. Generally, college students' will power is weak and they cannot resist the temptation of novel things. 大学生的自制力普遍不强, 抵制不住新奇事物的诱惑。
3. Some college students often ask for money from their parents without feeling guilty. 有的大学生经常伸手向父母要钱, 却不觉得愧疚。
4. College students should have a clear understanding of their consuming capacity. 大学生要对自己的消费能力有清除的认识。

热点作文 5

## Students' Pursuit for Famous Brands

Nowadays many college students like to pursue famous brands. They are inclined to buy things of famous brands, such as clothes, mobile phones, handbags and shoes. Moreover, many students from poor families begin to follow this consumption trend as well. This phenomenon has aroused wide attention.

The following reasons can account for college students' preference for famous brands. Above all, in many college students' eyes, a famous brand is a symbol of high taste. They expect others to admire their high social status and taste. What's more, in modern society, famous brands to some extent are equal to fashion, which has a great attraction to young college students. Besides, parents' indulgence is a critical reason for their bad consumption habit.

As far as I am concerned, it is irrational for college students to pursue famous brands. After all, most famous brands are far beyond what they can afford. Besides, it is not famous brands but one's noble character that really counts. Therefore, college students should attach more importance to cultivating a good character rather than pursuing famous brands.

### 佳句临摹:

1. 对大学生来说, 了解校园以外的世界是非常必要的。

It is necessary for college students to get to know the world outside the campus.

2. 在世界上或许没有什么游戏像赌博一样那么有害和危险了, 它通常会导致一个人破产, 还会玷污人的心灵。

Maybe, no game in the world is as harmful and dangerous as gambling, which often makes one bankrupt and pollutes one's mind.

3. 家长应该更重视孩子的心理健康, 而不是一味的关注他们的学习成绩。

Parents should attach more importance to children's mental health rather than focusing on their academic achievements only.

### 句子拓展:

1. 如今在大学校园里, 追求名牌现象成风。

Nowadays, there is a trend of pursuing famous brands spreading in university campuses.

2. 一些人认为购买名牌者是在攀比和炫耀。

Some people consider that famous brands buyer are showing off and competing with others.

3. 然而有些人也表示名牌不等于虚荣, 名牌的质量确实比较有保障。

However, some others argue that famous brands are not equal to vanity, because the quality of branded goods is relatively more reliable indeed.

4. 追求名牌是个人的自由, 但前提是不能加重父母的负担。

It is personal freedom to pursue famous brands under the premise of not adding burden to the parents.

5. 我们应该选择性价比高、信誉好的名牌, 而不是盲目追求所谓的时尚。

We are supposed to choose those famous brands with high cost performance and good reputation, instead of pursuing the so-called "fashion" blindly.



